summary judgment. On April 29, 2005, Defendants filed a cross-motion for summary judgment. On July 15, 2005, the Court issued an order stating that it would defer ruling on the motions for summary judgment until after the Fish and Wildlife Service ("FWS") issued an anticipated Biological Opinion evaluating the effect of BLM's management of CCMA on the evening-primrose. On September 2, 2005, FWS issued the anticipated 2005 Biological Opinion ("2005 BO"). Plaintiffs and Defendants subsequently filed supplemental briefs discussing the impact of the 2005 BO on the pending motions for summary judgment. On September 16, 2005, Plaintiffs filed a motion for leave to file a supplemental complaint raising certain objections to the 2005 BO. On October 4, 2005, the Court issued an order dismissing Plaintiffs' first claim as moot, deferring determination of Plaintiffs' second claim, and granting Plaintiffs' motion for leave to file a supplemental complaint. Plaintiffs' additional claim, asserted against FWS, alleges that the 2005 BO is arbitrary, capricious, and unlawful. Neither party has yet filed any motion with respect to Plaintiffs' additional claim, and Defendants noted in their opposition to the instant motion that FWS is presently in the process of compiling the administrative record for the 2005 BO.

On January 9, 2006, this Court issued an order deferring ruling on Plaintiffs' motion to enforce its order of October 28, 2005 and setting a schedule for supplemental briefing. In accordance with that order, the parties have submitted briefing with respect to the impact of the issuance of the Record of Decision ("ROD") based on the 2005 BO, which Defendants had represented would occur by January 13, 2006, has on Plaintiffs' second claim. The Court heard oral argument on this issue on February 24, 2006.

## II. DISCUSSION

The issue presently before the Court is whether Plaintiffs' second claim is moot. The parties interpret differently the breadth of the second claim, which is labeled "Violation of the Endangered Species Act: Current Management of the CCMA Jeopardizes the San Benito Evening Primrose." Defendants contend that the second claim is based exclusively on the contention that Defendants have failed to implement fundamental requirements set out in the

1997 BO, while Plaintiffs argue that the second claim argues more generally that "current management of the CCMA jeopardizes the Evening Primrose" under Section 7(a)(2) of the ESA. The second claim reads as follows:

The FWS predicated its "no jeopardy" finding on BLM's proposed protective measures. However, BLM has failed to implement those measures, placing the San Benito Evening-primrose in jeopardy. By failing to halt route proliferation, expanded use of the barrens, and allowing ORV use to continue and increase despite over 15 recorded incidents of damage to CABE and its habitat, BLM has failed to ensure that its management of the CCMA is not likely to jeopardize the continued existence of CABE, as required by Section 7(a)(2) of the ESA.

The San Benito Evening-primrose is an annual plant whose population numbers fluctuate widely in both space and time depending on climatic conditions. It is thus dependent on the maintenance and protection of sufficient amounts of both occupied and unoccupied suitable habitat in order to accommodate annual shifts in reproduction, numbers and locations. The serpentine soils and streamside terraces where CABE occurs are extremely fragile and easily damaged by ORV use and by deposition of sediment from eroding slopes and barrens. This damage is extremely difficult, if not impossible, to reverse once it has occurred. As unregulated ORV use and damage to CABE habitat continues, the number of suitable acres is decreasing in both occupied and unoccupied sites. As suitable habitat is destroyed, areas where the species can reproduce and maintain itself in years of appropriate climatic conditions are reduced. If this habitat destruction continues unchecked, this species will be placed at jeopardy of extinction.

Complaint, pp. 18-19. The second request for relief asks that the Court "[o]rder, declare and adjudge that Defendants are in violation of the ESA, 16 U.S.C 18 § 1536(a)(2), by jeopardizing the San Benito Evening-primrose through its failure to implement 19 required mitigation measures which formed integral components of the 1997 BO's finding of no-jeopardy." Complaint, p. 19.

Given liberal pleading standards, the Court could, in its discretion, interpret Plaintiffs' second claim as Plaintiffs do—as a claim alleging that BLM's management of the CCMA is not in compliance with the Section 7(a)(2) of the ESA. However, Defendants' position that Plaintiffs' second claim is predicated on the argument that Defendants are not in compliance with the 1997 BO is not without substantial justification. The Court is concerned that it might cause confusion, and possible jurisdictional challenges, if it were to give broad and general meaning to Plaintiffs' second claim.

Because of the ongoing implementation of the 2006 ROD, the anticipated timeline for the

compilation of the administrative record for the 2005 BO, and Plaintiffs' preference for deferring further litigation until the end of the 2005-2006 use season, there is sufficient time to allow Plaintiffs to clarify the second claim. Accordingly, the claim will not be dismissed. Instead, in its discretion, the Court will abate proceedings as to the second claim as it is presently framed. Plaintiffs shall satisfy the sixty-day notice requirement of the ESA, 16 U.S.C. § 1540(g)(2)(A)(I), with respect to their second claim as it was described in their most recent moving papers and at the February 24, 2006 hearing. After the sixty-day notice period has been satisfied, Plaintiffs shall file an amended complaint that clarifies the nature of their second claim. The Court does not conclude that the sixty-day notice and amended complaint necessarily are required, nor will providing such notice and filing an amended complaint be deemed a concession by Plaintiffs as to this point.

Plaintiffs ask that the Court delay ruling on their second claim and require that BLM "provide the Court with an updated status report at the end of this 2005-2006 OHV use season to summarize how it has implemented the 2006 ROD and how future implementation shall occur." The Court concludes that such a report would be useful with respect to both Plaintiffs' second and third claims. At the February 24, 2006 hearing, Defendants represented that the 2005-2006 OHV use season will end on June 1, 2006 and that it would be possible for them to submit a report by the end of June, 2006. Accordingly, by June 30, 2006, Defendants shall submit a report summarizing how BLM has implemented the 2006 ROD during the 2005-2006 use season and, to the extent that such information is available at the time, how future implementation will occur. This report may take the form of either a status report or a supplemental legal brief.

The Court will hear oral argument on the pending motions for summary judgment with respect to Plaintiffs' second claim (as it may be subsequently amended), and on any motions related to Plaintiffs' third claim, at 9:00 am on August 25, 2006. Supplemental briefing on the pending motions for summary judgment, in response to Plaintiffs' amendment of their second claim and the information provided by BLM's report regarding the 2005-2006 use season, shall be submitted in accordance with the local rules.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

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United States District Judge

DATED: February 24, 2006

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